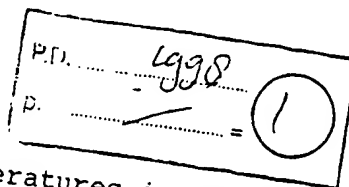


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- AN - 1998:174502 BIOSIS
 DN - PREV199800174502
 TI - Acclimation to freezing temperatures in perennial ryegrass (*Lolium perenne*.
 IN - Harrison, Judith; Tonkinson, Claire; Eagles, Colin; Foyer, Chris
 CS - Inst. Grassland Environmental Res., Plas Gogerddan, Aberystwyth, Ceredigion SY23 3EB UK
 SO - Acta Physiologiae Plantarum, (1997) Vol. 19, No. 4, pp. 505-515. ISSN: 0137-5881.
 DT - Article
 LA - English
 AB - The increasing demands being placed on natural grasslands in the following the appearance of Bovine Spongiform Encephalitis require that forage crops provide a reliable extended season of growth, combined with good winter survival to ensure sward longevity. The ability to tolerate sub-zero temperatures is integral to the survival of perennial forages. Since the development of freezing tolerance is crucial to the survival and productivity of over-wintering crops, forage breeding programmes require an improved understanding of the individual characteristics that contribute to tolerance to sub-zero temperatures. Photosynthesis, carbohydrate content and changes in protein composition were investigated in two varieties of *Lolium perenne* which differ in their response to growth at low temperatures.
 CC - Agronomy - Forage Crops and Fodder *52506
 External Effects - Temperature as a Primary Variable - Cold *106
 Plant Physiology, Biochemistry and Biophysics - Temperature *51506
 Plant Physiology, Biochemistry and Biophysics - Photosynthesis *51506
 BC - Gramineae 25305
 IT - Major Concepts
 Agronomy (Agriculture); Chemical Coordination and Homeostasis
 IT - Miscellaneous Descriptors
 carbohydrate content; freezing temperature acclimation; photosynthesis; plant breeding; protein composition
 ORGN- Super Taxa
 Gramineae: Monocotyledones, Angiospermae, Spermatophyta, Plantae
 ORGN- Organism Name
Lolium perenne [perennial ryegrass]
 (Gramineae)
 ORGN- Organism Superterms
 Angiosperms; Monocots; Plants; Spermatophytes; Vascular Plants